Accountants' Reports and Basic Financial Statements

<u>June 30, 2023</u>

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6 Mancos, Colorado 81328

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Lunch Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards we:

- · Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of District Pension Contributions, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District OPEB Contributions, and Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's basic financial statements. The accompanying budgetary comparison schedules and Colorado Department of Education Auditors" Integrity Report, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules and Colorado Department of Education Auditors' Integrity Report, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

gle I ital P.C.

Majors and Haley P.C. August 31, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the District in fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

- In total, net position decreased by \$677,780 from \$17,309,822 to \$16,632,042.
- General revenues accounted for \$6,070,575 in revenue or 80 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,481,094 or 20 percent of total revenues of \$7,551,669.
- Governmental activities total assets decreased by \$947,923 and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$294,350. Total liabilities increased by \$1,113,467. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$1,089,260.
- The District incurred \$8,229,449 in expenses related to government activities. \$1,481,094 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily state equalization and property taxes) of \$6,070,575 were adequate to cover all but \$677,780 of the costs of these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$6,823,909 in revenues and \$6,647,637 in expenditures, including transfers. It's fund balance increased by \$176,272.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as instruction were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplemental information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position (the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, deferred inflows of resources) is one way to measure the District's financial position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are included in one category:

Governmental activities- All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, transportation, maintenance and operations, and administration. These activities are financed mainly through property taxes and state equalization funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by state law. However, the District establishes other funds to help it manage and control its finances to achieve certain results.

The District uses one type of fund:

Governmental funds- Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Total assets decreased by \$947,923. Net capital assets decreased by \$1,221,084. Total liabilities increased by \$1,113,467.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The District's combined net position was smaller on June 30, 2023 than it was at June 30, 2022, increasing by \$677,780 to \$16,632,042.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2023 compared to 2022:

Table 1Condensed Statement of Net Position(In millions)

	 2023	2022
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 4.357	\$ 4.084
Capital assets	23.987	25.208
Total assets	 28.344	29.292
Deferred outflows	 1.819	1.525
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	0.741	0.667
Noncurrent liabilities	11.466	10.427
Total liabilities	 12.207	11.094
Deferred inflows	 1.324	2.413
Not Desition		
Net Position Invested in capital	19.983	21.003
Restricted	0.734	0.706
Unrestricted	(4.085)	(4.399)
Total net position	\$ 16.632	\$ 17.310

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2023 as compared to fiscal year 2022.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (In millions)

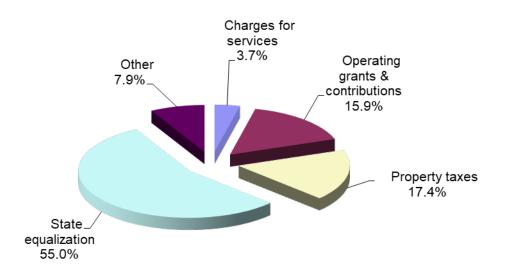
	2023	2022
Revenues		
Program revenues Charges for services	\$ 0.277	\$ 0.175
Operating grants & contributions	1.204	1.752
Capital grants & contributions	-	-
Property taxes	1.317	1.289
State equalization	4.154	3.802
Other	0.600	0.539
Total revenues	7.552	7.557
Expenses		
Instruction	3.685	2.329
Pupil and instructional services	0.462	0.342
Administration and business	1.056	0.621
Maintenance and operations	0.845	0.606
Transportation	0.288	0.173
Other	1.894	1.805
Total expenses	8.230	5.876
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$ (0.678)	\$ 1.681

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

State equalization, property taxes and operating grants and contributions accounted for most of the District's total revenue, with each contributing 55 percent, 17.4 percent and 15.9 percent respectively (See Table 3). The remainder of the revenue came from charges for services and miscellaneous sources.

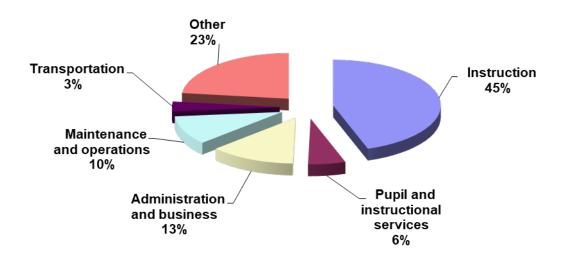
The District's expenses are predominately related to instruction, (45 percent) (See Table 4). The District's administrative and business activities accounted for 13 percent of total costs.

Table 3Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table 4Expenses for Fiscal Year 2023



Governmental Activities

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994 (SFA). Under the SFA the District received \$10,693 per funded student. In fiscal year 2023 the funded pupil count was 480.5. Funding for the SFA comes from property taxes, specific ownership taxes and state equalization. The District receives approximately 79 percent of this funding from state equalization while the remaining amounts come from property and specific ownership taxes.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those service costs. Table 5 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted state equalization and property taxes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table 5 Government Activities (In millions)

		Cost rvices	Net C of Ser	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Instruction	\$ 3.685	\$ 2.329	\$ 2.999	\$ 1.021
Pupil and instructional services	0.462	0.342	0.338	0.327
Administration and business	1.056	0.621	0.867	0.535
Maintenance and operations	0.845	0.606	0.690	0.397
Transportation	0.288	0.173	0.256	0.138
Other	1.894	1.530		
Total	\$ 8.230	\$ 5.876	\$ 6.748	\$ 3.948

- > The cost of all governmental activities during the year was \$8.230 million.
- Some of the cost was financed by the users of the District's programs (\$.276 million)
- Federal and state government subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$1.204 million).
- The balance of the District's costs (\$6.071 million) were financed by State and District taxpayers. This portion of governmental activities was financed with \$4.154 million in state equalization from the School Finance Act of 1994 (SFA) and \$1.439 million in property and specific ownership taxes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Information about the District's major funds starts on page 15. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds have total revenues of \$7,620,148 and expenditures of \$7,414,387.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget by making an increase in appropriations.

- Increases in appropriations were due primarily to additional information that was not available at the time of the original budget.
- > Actual expenditures were \$2,944,979 below budget.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of fiscal year 2023, the District has invested \$34.288 million in land, buildings, and equipment (including vehicles).

Table 6 shows capital assets for 2023 compared to 2022:

Table 6Capital Assets at June 30

	2023	2022
Land Buildings Equipment	\$ 0.652 32.263 1.373	\$ 0.652 32.263 1.373
Total	\$ 34.288	\$ 34.288

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 30 of this report.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District is not aware of any existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, parents, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6, 395 West Grand Avenue, Mancos, Colorado 81328.

Statement of Net Position

<u>June 30, 2023</u>

	G	overnmental Activities		Total
Assets				
Cash	\$	942,425	\$	942,425
Cash with county treasurer		8,609		8,609
Investments		3,316,563		3,316,563
Grants accounts receivable		85,254		85,254
Inventory		3,959		3,959
Capital assets		34,288,099		34,288,099
Accumulated depreciation		(10,301,114)		(10,301,114)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation		23,986,985		23,986,985
Total Assets		28,343,795		28,343,795
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension items		1,769,577		1,769,577
OPEB items		49,535		49,535
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,819,112		1,819,112
				<u> </u>
Liabilities				
Accrued salaries and benefits payable		518,138		518,138
Unearned grant revenue		14,025		
Long-term liabilities		000 500		000 500
Due within one year		208,563		208,563
Due in more than one year		3,795,166		3,795,166
Net pension obligation		7,418,170		7,418,170
Net OPEB obligation		252,768		252,768
Total Liabilities		12,206,830		12,192,805
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension items		1,218,906		1,218,906
OPEB items		105,129		105,129
Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces		1,324,035		1,324,035
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		19,983,256		19,983,256
TABOR		200,000		200,000
Student activities		90,847		90,847
Debt service		413,588		413,588
Foods service		29,554		29,554
Unrestricted		(4,085,203)		(4,085,203)
Total Net Position	\$	16,632,042	\$	16,632,042
	Ψ	10,002,042	Ψ	10,002,042

MONTEZUMA COUNTY (MANCOS) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6 Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Revenues						Net (Expenses) Revenue And Changes in Net Position			
	Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities		Total	
Governmental Activities										
Instructional Program Services	\$ 3,685,169	\$	225,886	\$ 460,187		\$	(2,999,096)	\$	(2,999,096)	
Support Program Services										
Students	325,240			86,158			(239,082)		(239,082)	
Instructional staff	136,521			37,921			(98,600)		(98,600)	
General administration	442,236			188,491			(253,745)		(253,745)	
School administration	441,103						(441,103)		(441,103)	
Business	172,384						(172,384)		(172,384)	
Operation and maintenance of plant	845,164			154,881			(690,283)		(690,283)	
Student transportation	287,787			31,950			(255,837)		(255,837)	
Central	213,251			30,517			(182,734)		(182,734)	
Other	22,485						(22,485)		(22,485)	
Food service	343,616		51,012	214,091			(78,513)		(78,513)	
Interest on long-term debt	140,799			,			(140,799)		(140,799)	
Depreciation excluding amounts directly allocated to programs	1,173,694						(1,173,694)		(1,173,694)	
Total Governmental Activities	8,229,449		276,898	1,204,196	-		(6,748,355)		(6,748,355)	
Total School District	\$ 8,229,449	\$	276,898	\$ 1,204,196	\$-	=	(6,748,355)		(6,748,355)	
	General Reve	nue	es							
	Property tax f	for o	general pur	poses			951,168		951,168	
	Property tax 1	for o	debt repayr	nent			365,462		365,462	
		ers	hip tax for g	general purpose	es		122,172		122,172	
	State Equa						4,153,951		4,153,951	
	State Direc			avment			115,861		115,861	
	Mineral Lea			aymont			23,457		23,457	
	Forest Serv		0				5,723		5,723	
	Earnings on i						112,070		112,070	
	Miscellaneou		ounonio				220,711		220,711	
	Total General	Re	venues			_	6,070,575		6,070,575	
	Changes in N	et F	Position				(677,780)		(677,780)	
	Net Position B	egir	nning of the	e Year			17,309,822		17,309,822	
	Net Position I	End	l of the Yea	ar		\$	16,632,042	\$	16,632,042	

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

<u>June 30, 2023</u>

	 General Fund	 Lunch Fund	Student Activity Fund	 Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash Cash with county treasurer Investments Inventory Grants accounts receivable	\$ 717,237 6,218 2,905,445 70,497	\$ 25,177 3,959 14,757	\$ 90,847	\$ 79 2,391 411,118	\$109,085	\$	942,425 8,609 3,316,563 3,959 85,254
Total Assets	\$ 3,699,397	\$ 43,893	\$ 90,847	\$ 413,588	\$109,085	\$	4,356,810
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities Accrued salaries and benefits payable Unearned grant revenue	\$ 503,799 14,025	\$ 14,339				\$	518,138 14,025
Total Liabilities	 517,824	14,339	-	-	-		532,163
Fund Balances Nonspendable-inventory Restricted TABOR	200,000	3,959					3,959 200.000
Debt service Food service Student activities	200,000	25,595	\$ 90,847	\$ 413,588			413,588 25,595 90,847
Unrestricted Assigned for FY 24 expenditures	2,981,573				\$109,085		3,090,658
Total Fund Balances	 3,181,573	29,554	90,847	413,588	109,085		3,824,647
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,699,397	\$ 43,893	\$ 90,847	\$ 413,588	\$109,085	\$	4,356,810

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

with the Statement of Net Position

<u>June 30, 2023</u>

Total Fund Balance Governmental Funds			\$ 3,824,647
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different	becau	Ise	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.			
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$	34,288,099 (10,301,114)	23,986,985
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet			23,900,903
Due within one year Due in more than one year		(208,563) (3,795,166)	(4,003,729)
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet			(1,000,120)
Net pension obligation Net OPEB obligation		(7,418,170) (252,768)	(7,670,938)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resourced related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		1,769,577 49,535 (1,218,906) (105,129)	495,077
Total Net Position Governmental Activities			\$ 16,632,042

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		General Fund		-		-		-		-		-		Lunch Fund		Student Activity Fund		Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues Taxes State sources Federal sources	\$	1,073,340 4,860,864 496,712	\$	6,203 207,887			\$	366,810		\$	1,440,150 4,867,067 704,599										
Other		392,993		61,434	\$	142,257		11,330	318		608,332										
Total Revenues		6,823,909		275,524		142,257		378,140	318		7,620,148										
Expenditures Instructional Program		3,760,982				120,402					3,881,384										
Support Programs Pupils Instructional staff General administration School administration Business Operation and maintenance of plant Student transportation Central Other		326,520 136,829 442,975 442,864 173,114 822,953 247,338 213,577 22,485							23,942		326,520 136,829 442,975 442,864 173,114 846,895 247,338 213,577 22,485										
Food service Debt Service Principal Interest				337,961				201,646 140,799			337,961 201,646 140,799										
Total Expenditures		6,589,637		337,961		120,402		342,445	23,942		7,414,387										
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		234,272		(62,437)		21,855		35,695	(23,624)		205,761										
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out)		(58,000)		30,000					28,000		-										
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(58,000)		30,000		-		-	28,000		-										
Net Change in Fund Balances		176,272		(32,437)		21,855		35,695	4,376		205,761										
Fund Balances beginning of the year		3,005,301		61,991		68,992		377,893	104,709		3,618,886										
Fund Balances end of the year	\$	3,181,573	\$	29,554	\$	90,847	\$	413,588	\$109,085	\$	3,824,647										

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds		\$	205,761
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different becau	lse:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	- (1,221,084)	(1,221,084)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Principal paid on general obligation bonds		201,646	201,646
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.			201,040
District pension contributions District OPEB contributions Cost of pension benefits earned Cost of OPEB benefits earned		683,809 34,224 (698,215) 218	
Governmental funds report the District's share of State contributions to PERA as revenue and expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the District's proportionate share of the State PERA pension benefit included in the District's pension expense is reported as revenue.			20,036
District proportionate share of State Contribution revenue District proportionate share of State Contribution expenditure District porportionate share of State direct contribution payment revenue		(184,340) 184,340 115,861	115,861
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(677,780)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues from local sources Current property taxes 5 926.703 906.769 9 91.168 44.399 Specific ownership taxes 73.559 87.249 122.172 34.923 Other 143.374 308.037 392.993 84.956 Total revenues from local sources 1.143.636 1.302.055 1.466.333 164.276 Revenues from state sources 4.114.218 4.211.764 4.153.951 (57.813) Grants 4.566.497 4.726.763 4.860.864 134.101 Revenues from federal sources 143.996 5.723 5.723 - Forest service 14.396 5.723 5.723 - Grants 419.269 529.317 467.532 (61.785) Total revenues from federal sources 41.396 5.723 5.723 - Instructional Program 3.345.819 3.725.021 3.760.982 (35.961) Support Programs 3.44.052 334.903 326.520 8.383 Instructional staff 163.171 153.784			Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	F	/ariance avorable nfavorable)
Current property taxes Specific ownership taxes Other \$ 926,703 \$ 906,769 \$ 951,168 \$ 44,399 Other 73,559 87,249 122,172 34,933 Other 143,374 308,073 332,293 84,956 Total revenues from local sources 1,143,636 1,302,055 1,466,333 164,278 Revenues from state sources 4,114,218 4,211,764 4,153,951 (57,813) Grants 452,279 514,999 552,73 7,574 State equalization Grants 4,566,497 4,726,763 4,860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 4,566,497 4,726,763 4,860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Forest service forest service 14,396 5,723 467,532 (61,785) Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 324,052 334,903	Revenues from local sources		onginal		- I IIIdi		/ lotau	(0)	
Specific ownership taxes Other 73,559 87,249 122,172 34,923 Other 143,374 308,037 392,993 84,956 Total revenues from local sources 1,143,636 1,302,055 1,466,333 164,278 Revenues from state sources 4,114,218 4,211,764 4,153,951 (57,813) Grants 452,279 514,999 522,573 7,574 State equalization 4,566,497 4,726,763 4,860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 4,566,497 4,726,763 4,860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Forest service 14,396 5,723 2,3457 - Grants 419,269 528,317 467,532 (61,785) Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 568,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues from federal sources 417,263 34,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional Program 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,962		\$	926 703	\$	906 769	\$	951 168	\$	44 399
Other 143,374 308,037 392,993 84,956 Total revenues from local sources 1.143,636 1.302,055 1.466,333 164,278 Revenues from state sources 4.114,218 4.211,764 4.153,951 (57,813) Grants 4.52,279 514,999 522,273 7,574 State equalization 4.134,309 184,340 184,340 Total revenues from state sources 4.566,497 4.726,763 4.860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 13,938 23,457 23,457 - Forest service 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Grants 419,269 529,317 467,532 (61,785) Total revenues from federal sources 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Program 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 6,836,340 School administration 379,995 516,288 442,975 73,323		Ŷ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	•
Revenues from state sources 4.114.218 4.211.764 4.153,951 (57,813) Grants 4.52,279 514,999 522,573 7,574 State direct PERA contribution 452,279 514,999 522,573 7,574 Total revenues from state sources 4,566,497 4,726,763 4,860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 13,938 23,457 23,457 - Forest service 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Grants 419,269 529,317 467,532 (61,785) Total revenues from federal sources 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional Programs 3,445,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Suport Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955			•				,		
State equalization Grants 4,114,218 4,211,764 4,153,951 (57,813) (57,813) Grants 514,999 522,573 7,574 State direct PERA contribution 184,340 184,340 184,340 Total revenues from state sources 4,566,497 4,726,763 4,860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Forest service 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Mineral leasing 13,938 23,457 23,457 - Grants 419,269 529,317 467,532 (61,785) Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 3,445,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 3,445,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Suport Programs 3,240,62 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff	Total revenues from local sources		1,143,636		1,302,055		1,466,333		164,278
Grants 452,279 514,999 522,573 7,574 State direct PERA contribution 184,340 184,340 184,340 Total revenues from federal sources 4,566,497 4,726,763 4,860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Mineral leasing 13,938 23,457 23,457 23,457 Grants 419,269 529,317 467,532 (61,765) Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 1 3,745,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant	Revenues from state sources								
Grants 452,279 514,999 522,573 7,574 State direct PERA contribution 184,340 184,340 184,340 Total revenues from federal sources 4,566,497 4,726,763 4,860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Mineral leasing 13,938 23,457 23,457 23,457 Grants 419,269 529,317 467,532 (61,765) Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 1 3,745,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant	State equalization		4,114,218		4,211,764		4,153,951		(57,813)
Total revenues from state sources 4,566,497 4,726,763 4,860,864 134,101 Revenues from federal sources 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Mineral leasing Grants 13,938 23,457 23,457 - Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 16,3171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,114 549 546,864 449,475 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,875 7,323 57,602 8,340 Central support services 23,074 280,556 822,953 57,602 8,340 Central support services 23,207 238,402 213,577 22,825 0 56,5362	•		452,279		514,999		522,573		
Revenues from federal sources 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Mineral leasing Grants 13,938 23,457 23,457 - - Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 16,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Instructional Program 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 232,074 256,678 247,338 8,340 Central support services 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 - Other support services 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352	State direct PERA contribution						184,340		184,340
Forest service 14,396 5,723 5,723 - Mineral leasing Grants 13,938 23,457 23,457 - Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 16,3773 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Support Programs 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 373,023 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 - Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 - 2,786,352	Total revenues from state sources		4,566,497		4,726,763		4,860,864		134,101
Mineral leasing Grants 13,938 23,457 23,457 - Grants 419,269 529,317 467,532 (61,785) Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 233,202 236,6102 213,577 22,825 - Other support services 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 - <	Revenues from federal sources								
Mineral leasing Grants 13,938 23,457 23,457 - Grants 419,269 529,317 467,532 (61,785) Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 233,202 236,6102 213,577 22,825 - Other support services 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 - <	Forest service		14,396		5,723		5,723		-
Total revenues from federal sources 447,603 558,497 496,712 (61,785) Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - -	Mineral leasing								-
Total revenues 6,157,736 6,587,315 6,823,909 236,594 Expenditures 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,163 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 - Other support services 22,485 22,485 2,485 - - Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352 - - Total expenditures (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000)<	Grants		419,269		529,317		467,532		(61,785)
Expenditures Instructional Program 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) (58,000) (58,000) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301	Total revenues from federal sources		447,603		558,497		496,712		(61,785)
Instructional Program 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,223 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 2,485 - Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352 - Total expenditures (58,000) (58,000) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) 3,005,301 3,005,301 - <	Total revenues		6,157,736		6,587,315		6,823,909		236,594
Instructional Program 3,345,819 3,725,021 3,760,982 (35,961) Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,223 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 2,485 - Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352 - Total expenditures (58,000) (58,000) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) 3,005,301 3,005,301 - <	Expenditures								
Support Programs 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 232,0074 225,678 247,338 8,340 Central support services 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573			3 345 819		3 725 021		3 760 982		(35 961)
Students 324,052 334,903 326,520 8,383 Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 232,074 255,678 247,338 8,340 Central support services 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) (58,000) (58,000) - Transfers Out (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances,			0,010,010		0,120,021		0,100,002		(00,001)
Instructional staff 163,171 153,784 136,829 16,955 General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 232,074 255,678 247,338 8,340 Central support services 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) (58,000) (58,000) - Transfers Out (58,000) (58,000) - - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -			324.052		334.903		326.520		8.383
General administration 379,995 516,298 442,975 73,323 School administration 546,686 449,475 442,864 6,611 Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 232,074 255,678 247,338 8,340 Central support services 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 - Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) (58,000) (58,000) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>									
Business 173,263 173,663 173,114 549 Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 232,074 255,678 247,338 8,340 Central support services 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) (58,000) (58,000) - Transfers Out (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -	General administration								
Plant operation and maintenance 829,747 880,555 822,953 57,602 Student transportation 232,074 255,678 247,338 8,340 Central support services 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 22,485 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) (58,000) (58,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -	School administration		546,686		449,475		442,864		6,611
Student transportation 232,074 255,678 247,338 8,340 Central support services 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) (58,000) (58,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -	Business		173,263		173,663		173,114		549
Central support services 233,202 236,402 213,577 22,825 Other support services 22,485 22,485 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) (58,000) (58,000) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) - - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -	Plant operation and maintenance		829,747		880,555		822,953		57,602
Other support services Appropriated reserves 22,485 22,485 22,485 22,485 2,786,352 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers Out (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -									8,340
Appropriated reserves 2,505,204 2,786,352 2,786,352 Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers Out (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -	••				•				22,825
Total expenditures 8,755,698 9,534,616 6,589,637 2,944,979 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers Out (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -							22,485		-
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers Out (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -	Appropriated reserves		2,505,204		2,786,352				2,786,352
Transfers Out (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -	Total expenditures		8,755,698		9,534,616		6,589,637		2,944,979
Transfers Out (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (58,000) (58,000) (58,000) - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -	Other financing sources (uses)								
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,655,962) (3,005,301) 176,272 3,181,573 Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 3,005,301 -			(58,000)		(58,000)		(58,000)		-
Fund balances, beginning 2,655,962 3,005,301 -	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(58,000)		(58,000)		(58,000)		
	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,655,962)		(3,005,301)		176,272		3,181,573
Fund Balances, ending \$ - \$ 3,181,573 \$ 3,181,573	Fund balances, beginning		2,655,962		3,005,301		3,005,301		-
	Fund Balances, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,181,573	\$	3,181,573

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Lunch Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		_			ariance avorable	
	Orig	ginal	 Final		Actual	(Un	favorable)
Revenues							
Local sources							
Meal sales	\$	63,000	\$ 62,000	\$	51,011	\$	(10,989)
Earnings on investments		10	20		63		43
Other			15,000		10,360		(4,640)
Total local sources		63,010	77,020		61,434		(15,586)
State sources							
State Matching Grant		1,792	1,498		1,498		-
Local School Program Grant		2,058	2,058		2,058		-
Other State Grants		_,	2,085		2,647		562
Total state sources		3,850	5,641		6,203		562
Federal sources							
National School Lunch Program	1	40,000	100,000		95,284		(4,716)
National School Breakfast Program		55,000	40,000		30,407		(9,593)
Donated Commodities		16,659	16,659		10,477		(6,182)
Other Federal Grants		10,000	64,111		71,719		7,608
			04,111		71,710		7,000
Total federal sources	2	11,659	220,770		207,887		(12,883)
Total revenues	2	78,519	303,431		275,524		(27,907)
–							
Expenditures							
Food Service	4	00 500	100.044		100 000		2 624
Salaries Employee benefits		03,583 38,835	103,844 39,236		100,220 37,640		3,624 1,596
Purchased services		50,055	59,250		57,040		1,590
Professional and technical		2,500	2,500		2,018		482
Other		10,000	7,900		8,303		(403)
Food and milk		32,795	138,102		150,198		(12,096)
Commodities used		16,659	16,659		10,477		6,182
Supplies		17,462	29,775		19,774		10,001
Property		500	1,380		763		617
Other			8,678		8,568		110
Appropriated reserves		88,697	47,348		-,		47,348
T (1) (1) (1)		11.001	005 400		007.004		57.404
Total expenditures	4	11,031	395,422		337,961		57,461
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)		30,000	30,000		30,000		-
		-					
Total other financing sources (uses)		30,000	30,000		30,000		-
Excess of revenues and other sources over							
(under) expenditures and other uses	(1	02,512)	(61,991)		(32,437)		29,554
Fund balance, beginning	4	02 512	61 004		61 004		
Fund balance, beginning	1	02,512	61,991		61,991		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$	29,554	\$	29,554

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – The accounting policies of the Montezuma County School District RE-6 ("District") conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to school districts. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements of Interpretations).

The following significant accounting policies were applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity - The Montezuma County School District RE-6 Board of Education ("Board") is the basic level of government which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to public education in the town of Mancos, Colorado. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 14,39 and 61, which are included in the District's reporting entity.

Fund Accounting – The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and in the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

Governmental Funds- are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds). The following are the District's governmental funds:

General Fund- is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and State of Colorado equalization funding, as determined by the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the schools, except for programs funded by certain capital outlay expenditures, food service expenditures, extracurricular athletic and other pupil activities, and insurance transactions.

Lunch Fund – is used to account for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

Student Activity Fund – is used to account for the financial transactions related to the student activities of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Debt Service Fund- is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of the BEST general obligation bonds principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund- the Capital Projects Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and expenditure of resources for capital improvements within the District.

Basis of Presentation-

District-wide Financial Statements- The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the district-wide financial statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The district-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements- Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Basis of Accounting – determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues- Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions- Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. State equalization monies are recognized as revenues during the period in which they are appropriated. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within 60 days after year-end, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

Unearned Revenues- arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Pensions- The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

OPEB- The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Expenses/Expenditures- On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balances as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting – The District is required by Colorado Statutes to adopt annual budgets for all funds. Each budget is prepared on the same basis (U.S. GAAP basis) as that used for accounting purposes.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to June 1, the Superintendent's staff submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.

The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments.

Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution by the Board of Education. However, the Board can review and change the adopted budget through December 31.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year. Following is a summary of the original budget, total revisions and revised budget for those funds with amended budgets in fiscal year 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

	 Original Budget		Total Revisions		evised udget
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$ 8,755,698	\$	778,918	\$9,	534,616
Lunch Fund	411,031		(15,609)		395,422
Student Activity Fund	269,215		(22,323)		246,892
Debt Service Fund	720,611		37,552		758,163
Capital Projects Fund	132,756		53		132,809

Appropriations are adopted by resolution for each fund in total and lapse at the end of each year. Over-expenditures are not deemed to exist unless the fund as a total has expenditures in excess of appropriations.

Encumbrance Accounting – under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by the District as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are cancelled and represent neither a liability nor a reservation of equity.

Short-term Inter-fund Receivables/Payables - During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the District-wide statement of net assets and, classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

Inventories - Inventories in the Lunch Fund consists of both expendable supplies held for consumption and the cost of goods held for resale, the cost of which is recorded as an expense as they are used. Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out concept.

Capital Assets – General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the district-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the district-wide statements of net assets and in the respective fund financial statements.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5-15 Years
Vehicles	8 Years

Property Tax Revenue Recognition - of the District is recognized when the Montezuma County Treasurer collects it, on behalf of the District. The property tax is levied in December of the year prior to the year the taxes are collected on all taxable property located in the District. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 of each year, are due on or before June 15 and are delinquent on June 16.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacations and Sick Pay- Vacations for twelve month non-professional employees is two weeks per year after the completion of one year on the job and three weeks per year after the completion of five years on the job. Vacations normally must be taken during the summer months unless special arrangements are made with the immediate supervisor. Vacation time may be accrued and carried over for two years at which time any unused vacation time lapses.

Certified employees will receive ten sick days on the first day of employment to accrue annually to a maximum of sixty days. Support staff employees will begin accruing sick leave on the first day of employment at the rate of one day per month of service, to a maximum of sixty days. A sick leave bank is available to all participating employees.

Personal leave shall be granted at the rate of two days per year, non-accumulative. Personal leave must be approved by the superintendent after being recommended by the immediate supervisor of the employee.

Vacation time, sick leave and personal leave do not vest or accumulate with the employees, that is, the employees have no right to be paid for any of these if not taken in the time indicated, or if they terminate. Under generally accepted accounting principles, there is, therefore, no expense or liability included in the financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and General Long-Term Obligations- All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payment made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Governmental Fund Balances- In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable- Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This includes the amount of inventory held in the Lunch Fund.

Restricted- Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. This includes the District's TABOR reserve for emergencies, amounts restricted for debt service, food service and amounts restricted for the major upgrade of the District's facilities.

Committed- Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Board of Education the District's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Education.

Assigned- Amounts that are designated by the Board of Education for a particular purpose but are not spendable until appropriated. This includes assignments for subsequent year's expenditures.

Unassigned- All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Use of Restricted Resources- When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted of unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other less-restrictive classifications- committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

Net Position- Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Inter-fund Transactions- Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

2. Cash and Investments – Cash and investments consist of the following:

Demand accounts	\$ 311,251
Certificates of deposit	631,174
Colotrust	3,310,781
Treasury Bill	5,782
Total cash and investments	\$ 4,258,988

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) governs the District's cash deposits. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance on deposits held. Each eligible depository with deposits in excess of the insured levels must pledge a collateral pool of defined eligible assets, to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all of its local government depositors as a group, with a market value at least 102% of the uninsured deposits. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and savings and loan associations are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and the reporting of uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

Colorado statutes define eligible investments for local governments. These include bonds and other interest-bearing obligations of or guaranteed by the United States government or its agencies, bonds which are direct obligations of the State of Colorado or any of its political subdivisions, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and local government investment pools.

At June 30, 2023, the District had investments in one local governmental investment pool, the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST). COLOTRUST is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. COLOTRUST is routinely monitored by the Colorado Division of Securities with regard to its operations and investments, which are also subject to provisions of C.R.S. Title 24, Article 75, and Section 6. The fair value of the investments in COLOTRUST is the same as the value of the pool shares. None of these types of investments are categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm from Standard and Poor's. Financial statements for COLOTRUST may be obtained at <u>www.colotrust.com</u>. The District also invested in one US Treasury Bill. The difference between its carrying amount and market value is immaterial and therefore, not recorded on the financial statements.

The District records interest revenue related to investment activities in the fund that holds the investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

At June 30, the District had the following investments subject to interest rate risk:

			Inves	tment Matu	irities (in ye	ears)
	Carrying		Less than			More than
Investment Type	Value	Fair Value	1	1-5	6-10	10
Investment Pools COLOTRUST Treasury Bill	\$ 3,310,781 5,782	\$ 3,310,781 8,444	\$ 8,444			
Total	\$ 3,316,563	\$ 3,319,225				

The District does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help to manage its exposure to fair value loss from increasing interest rates.

3. Federal and State Administered Grants – are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant and, accordingly, when such funds are received they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned. Receivables and deferred revenues are as follows:

	Receivables		Deferred Revenues
General Fund			
Transportation	\$	1,220	
ESSER III		22,095	
ESSER III ELO		30,625	
CDC School Nurse		16,557	
Child Care Sustainability			\$ 14,025
Total General Fund	\$	70,497	\$ 14,025
Lunch Fund			
National School Lunch	\$	10,880	
National School Breakfast		3,877	
Total Lunch Fund	\$	14,757	\$ -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

4. Capital Assets – Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 follows:

	Capital Assets July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions Inventory Adjustments/ Transfers	Capital Assets June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities	<u> </u>	Additions	Tansiers	- June 30, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets not being	\$ 652,468			\$ 652,468
depreciated	652,468			652,468
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	32,263,344			32,263,344
Equipment	1,372,287			1,372,287
Total capital assets being depreciated	33,635,631			33,635,631
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(7,984,716)	(1,149,458)		(9,134,174)
Equipment	(1,095,314)	(71,626)		(1,166,940)
Total accumulated depreciation	(9,080,030)	(1,221,084)	-	(10,301,114)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	24,555,601	(1,221,084)		23,334,517
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$25,208,069	\$ (1,221,084)	\$-	\$ 23,986,985

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the following governmental programs:

Transportation	\$ 41,134
Food Service	6,256
Unallocated	1,173,694
Total depreciation-governmental activities	\$ 1,221,084

5. Defined Benefit Pension Plan –

Plan description- Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2022. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formulas shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2023. Eligible employees, of the District and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq* and C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Eligible

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

employees are required to contribute 11.00% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2022
	Through
	June 30, 2023
Employer Contribution Rate	11.40%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health	(1.02)%
Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF	10.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement	5.50%
(SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF	20.38%

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$683,809 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructed the State treasurer to issue an additional direct distribution to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon enactment, The July 1, 2023 payment is reduced by \$190 million (actual dollars) to \$35 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2024 payment will not be reduced due to PERA's negative investment return in 2022. Senate Bill (SB) 23-056, enacted June 2, 2023 requires and additional direct distribution of approximately \$14.5 million (actual dollars), for a total of approximately \$14.5 million (actual dollars), to be contributed July 1, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31,2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

based on District contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2022 relative to the total contributions of the participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$7,418,170 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,418,170
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District	685,265
Total	\$ 8,103,435

At December 31, 2022, the District's proportion was .0407379915 percent, which was a decrease of .01191 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$14,406 and \$115,861 in revenue for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	70,205			
Changes in assumptions		131,400			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		996,534			
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions		215,377	\$ 1,218,906		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		356,061			
Total	\$	1,769,577	\$ 1,218,906		

\$356,061 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (249,674)
2025	(331,842)
2026	182,665
2027	593,461

Actuarial assumptions. The TPL in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method Price inflation Real wage growth Wage inflation Salary increases, including wage inflation Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	Entry Age 2.30% .70% 3.00% 3.40% – 11.00% 7.25%
Discount rate Post-retirement benefit increases: PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07; and DPS Benefit Structure (compounded annually)	7.25%
PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the AIR

1 Post -retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefitweighted basis.

Pre-retirement non-disability mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disability mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

Males- 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Females- 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020 meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure TPL liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consisted of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.

Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.

As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.

HB 22-1029, effective upon enactment in 2022, required the State treasurer to issue, in addition to the regularly scheduled \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution, a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2023, direct distribution is reduced by \$190 million (actual dollars) to \$35 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2024, direct distribution will not be reduced from \$225 million (actual dollars) due to PERA's negative investment return in 2022.

Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve of the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)	_
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$9,707,834	\$7,418,170	\$5,506,067	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at <u>www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</u>.

6. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S, as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Plan. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. The District has not agreed to match employee contributions. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2023, program members contributed \$26,085 to the Voluntary Investment Program.

7. Other Post-Employment Benefits

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Plan description- Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</u>.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 *et seq.* specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$34,224 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023 the District reported a liability of \$252,768 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2022 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2022, the District proportion was .03096 percent, which was a decrease of .0034 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(34,442). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	33	\$ 61,128
Changes in assumptions		4,062	27,898
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		15,439	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions		12,180	16,103
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		17,821	
Total	\$	49,535	\$ 105,129

\$17,821 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (23,431)
2025	(24,598)
2026	(12,311)
2027	1,581
2028	(11,056)
2029	(3,600)

Actuarial assumptions. The TOL in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.20% -11.30%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
10	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Health care cost trend rates PERA benefit structure: Service-based premium subsidy PERACare Medicare plans

0.00% 6.50% in 2022 gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029

Medicare Part A premiums

3.75% in 2022, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2029

The TOL for the HCTF, as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date, was adjusted to reflect the disaffiliation, allowable under C.R.S. § 24-51-313, of Tri-County Health Department (TriCounty Health), effective December 31, 2022. As of the close of the 2022 fiscal year, no disaffiliation payment associated with Tri-County Health was received, and therefore no disaffiliation dollars were reflected in the FNP as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date.

Beginning January 1, 2022, the per capita health care costs are developed by plan option; based on 2022 premium rates for the UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug (MAPD) PPO plan #1, the UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plan #2, and the Kaiser Permanente MAPD HMO plan. Actuarial morbidity factors are then applied to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age, gender, and health care cost trend. This approach applies for all members and is adjusted accordingly for those not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for the PERA benefit structure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Participant Age	Annual Increase (Male)	Annual Increase (Female)
65-69	3.0%	1.5%
70	2.9%	1.6%
71	1.6%	1.4%
72	1.4%	1.5%
73	1.5%	1.6%
74	1.5%	1.5%
75	1.5%	1.4%
76	1.5%	1.5%
77	1.5%	1.5%
78	1.5%	1.6%
79	1.5%	1.5%
80	1.4%	1.5%
81 and older	0.0%	0.0%

Age-Related Morbidity Assur	nptions
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Sample Age	MAPD PPO #1 with Medicare Part A Retiree/Spouse		MAPD PPO #2 with Medicare Part A Retiree/Spouse		Medica	(Kaiser) with re Part A /Spouse
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
65	\$1,704	\$1,450	\$583	\$496	\$1,923	\$1,634
70	\$1,976	\$1,561	\$676	\$534	\$2,229	\$1,761
75	\$2,128	\$1,681	\$728	\$575	\$2,401	\$1,896

Sample Age	Pa	APD PPO #1 without Medicare Part A Part A Part A Part A Part A Part A Retiree/Spouse Retiree/Spouse Retiree/Spouse				irt A
5	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
65	\$6,514	\$5,542	\$4,227	\$3,596	\$6,752	\$5,739
70	\$7,553	\$5,966	\$4,901	\$3,872	\$7,826	\$6,185
75	\$8,134	\$6,425	\$5,278	\$4,169	\$8,433	\$6,657

The 2022 Medicare Part A premium is \$499 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and heuristics developed by health plan actuaries and administrators, and projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Effective December 31, 2021, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

	PERACare	Medicare Part
Year	Medicare Plans	Α
2022	6.50%	3.75%
2023	6.25%	4.00%
2024	6.00%	4.00%
2025	5.75%	4.00%
2026	5.50%	4.25%
2027	5.25%	4.25%
2028	5.00%	4.25%
2029	4.75%	4.50%
2030+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TOL for the HCTF but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based on the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

- **Males:** 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 97% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males**: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females**: 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the Trust fund:

- Per capita health care costs in effect as of the December 31, 2021, valuation date for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to be age 65 and older and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits have been updated to reflect costs for the 2022 plan year.
- The December 31, 2021, valuation utilizes premium information as of January 1, 2022, as the initial per capita health care cost. As of that date, PERACare health benefits administration is performed by UnitedHealthcare. In that transition, the costs for the Medicare Advantage Option #2 decreased to a level that is lower than the maximum possible service-related subsidy as described in the plan provisions.
- The health care cost trend rates applicable to health care premiums were revised to reflect the then current expectation of future increases in those premiums. Medicare Part A premiums continued with the prior valuation trend pattern.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

Effective for the December 31, 2022, measurement date, the timing of the retirement decrement was adjusted to middle-of-year within the valuation programming used to determine the TOL, reflecting a recommendation from the 2022 actuarial audit report, dated October 14, 2022, summarizing the results of the actuarial audit performed on the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019 and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including longterm historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in
	Trend Rates		Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	3.00%	4.00%	5.00%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	245,613	252,768	260,553

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
 - Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	293,033	252,768	218,328

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's FNP is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

8. Accrued Salaries – Certified instructors of the District are contracted for nine months annually between Labor Day and June 1. These instructors, while only working nine months, are paid for their services in twelve equal monthly installments. On June 30 of each year they have completed their entire contract, but have only received 10/12 of the related compensation with the difference to be paid over the summer break. The difference, totaling \$518,138, is reflected as an accrued expense at June 30.

9. Long Term Debt-

2017 General Obligation Bonds Payable- In November of 2017, the voters of the District approved the issuance of \$4,950,000 of general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued for the purpose of providing matching money for the State of Colorado Building Excellent Schools Today (BEST) grant program. The proceeds, along with the grant funds will be used for the major renovation and construction of District facilities. The bonds are payable in annual installments and bear interest at 3.43 percent. The repayment of the bonds is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	F	Prinicipal	Interest			Total		
2024	\$	208,563	\$	133,763		\$	342,326	
2025		215,717		126,486			342,203	
2026		223,117		118,960			342,077	
2027		230,771		111,175			341,946	
2028		238,687		103,122			341,809	
2029-2033		1,322,014		357,989			1,680,003	
2034-2038		1,564,860		164,658			1,729,518	
Total	\$	4,003,729	\$	1,116,153		\$	5,119,882	

Changes in Long-Term Debt- A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

Description	 Beginning Balance	lssu	ed	 Retired	Ending Balance		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 4,205,375			\$ 201,646	\$	4,003,729	
Total	\$ 4,205,375	\$	-	\$ 201,646	\$	4,003,729	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

10. Inter-fund Operating Transfers– Transfers consist of amounts transferred to supplement revenues. All transfers are done on a routine basis. Transfers for the year ended June 30 are as follows:

 In		Out
	\$	58,000
\$ 30,000		
28,000		
\$ 58,000	\$	58,000
\$	\$ 30,000 28,000	\$ \$ 30,000 28,000

The transfers were made for the purpose of subsidizing the receiving fund.

11. Fund Balance Restrictions and Assignments – Restricted indicates that a portion of the fund balance can only be spent for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. Assigned indicates amounts that are designated for a specific purpose by the Board of Education but are not spendable until appropriated. The District uses the following restrictions and assignments:

Non-spendable

Inventory- indicates that the portion of fund balance represented by inventories is not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date. Non-spendable fund balance related to inventory consists of \$3,959 in the Lunch Fund.

Restricted

TABOR – indicates that a portion of the fund balance has been segregated for expenditures for declared emergencies only. Fund balance reserved for emergencies consists of \$200,000 in the General Fund.

Student Activities- indicates that the fund balance in the Student Activity Fund is restricted for student activities within the District. Fund balance restricted for student activities consists of \$90,847 in the Student Activity Fund.

Debt Service- indicates the amount of fund balance that is restricted for the repayment of the District's outstanding general obligation bonds. Fund balance restricted for debt service consists of \$413,588 in the Debt Service Fund

Food Service- indicates the amount of fund balance that is restricted for the food service operations of the District. Fund balance restricted for food service consists of \$25,595 in the Lunch Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Assigned

Assigned for future expenditures – indicates anticipated fund balance available for appropriation in the next budget year. Fund balances assigned for future expenditures consist of the following:

General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$ 2,981,573 109,085
Total	\$ 3,090,658

12. Risk Management – The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Colorado School Districts Self-Insurance Pool (The Pool). The Pool was formed in 1981 to provide member school districts and related educational facilities with defined property and liability coverage through joint self-insurance and excess insurance. The District pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage. The Pool is self-sustaining through member premiums and obtains excess insurance to limit per occurrence exposure to \$250,000.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss including worker's compensation and employee health and accident insurance. There have been no settled claims that have exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant decreases in insurance coverage from the prior year.

- **13.** Tax, Spending, and Debt Limitations Colorado Voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. On November 5, 1996 the people of the District voted to authorize the spending of all monies in existing funds and to collect, retain, and expend the full revenue, including state grants and taxes, generated during fiscal year 1997 and for each subsequent year regardless of any limitation contained in Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado Constitution. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with all other requirements of the amendment. However, the District has made certain interpretations of the amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.
- **14.** Commitments and Contingent Liabilities There were no commitments or contingent liabilities at June 30.

Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2023

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

Such information includes:

Pension Schedules Schedule of District Contributions Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

OPEB Schedules Schedule of District Contributions Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability MONTEZUMA COUNTY (MANCOS) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6 Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Pension Contributions June 30, 2023

Last 10 Years

2023	83,809	683,809	.	\$ 3,355,294	20.38%
7	\$	U	φ	\$ 3,3	
2022	\$ 637,128 \$ 683,809	637,128	۰ ډ	\$ 3,204,869	19.88%
2021	\$ 579,649	579,649	۰ ۶	\$ 2,914,688	19.89%
2020	\$ 579,413 \$ 579,649	579,413	۰ د	\$ 2,989,743 \$ 2,914,688	19.38%
2019	\$ 525,130	525,130	-		19.13%
2018	\$ 471,647	471,647	۰ ۲	\$ 2,497,157 \$ 2,745,059	18.89%
2017	\$ 447,771	447,771	- -	\$ 2,437,049	18.37%
2016	3 428,894	428,894	·	\$ 2,420,231	17.72%
2015	\$ 399,885 \$	399,885	- -	\$ 2,369,569	16.88%
2014	\$ 359,412	359,412	۰ ب	\$ 2,146,077	16.75%
	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contribution	Contibution deficiency (excess)	District's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

Notes to Required Supplementary Information See Note 5 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

Last 10 Years

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contribution	\$ 24,858	\$ 25,471	\$ 27,999	\$ 30,495	\$ 29,730	\$ 32,690	\$ 34,224
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	24,858	25,471	27,999	30,495	29,730	32,690	34,224
Contibution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,437,049	\$ 2,497,157	\$ 2,745,059	\$ 2,989,743	\$ 2,914,688	\$ 3,204,869	\$ 3,355,294
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

Information is not available for years prior to 2017

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

See Note 7 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

MONTEZUMA COUNTY (MANCOS) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6 Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0532%	0.05532%	0.05531%	0.05423%	0.05330%	0.04870%	0.04861%	0.05096%	0.05265%	0.04074%
District's share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,790,133	\$ 7,497,635	\$ 8,459,955	\$ 16,145,661	\$ 17,235,415	\$ 8,615,755	\$ 7,262,561	\$ 7,703,689	\$ 6,126,808	\$ 7,418,170
District's share of State's share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contibuting entity						\$ 1,178,085	\$ 921,163	,	\$ 702,360	\$ 985,265
Total						\$ 9,793,840	\$ 8,183,724	\$ 7,703,689	\$ 6,829,168	\$ 8,403,435
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,146,077	\$ 2,318,599	\$ 2,410,588	\$ 2,433,836	\$ 2,458,678	\$ 2,674,946	\$ 2,855,044	\$ 2,726,953	\$ 3,290,317	\$ 3,141,537
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	316.40%	323.37%	350.95%	663.38%	701.00%	322.09%	286.64%	282.50%	186.2%	236.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.84%	64.07%	59.20%	75.84%	43.96%	57.01%	64.52%	66.99%	74.86%	61.79%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year that occurred within the fiscal year

Notes to Required Supplementary Information See Note 5 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Last 10 Years

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.03080%	0.03030%	0.03160%	0.03175%	0.02949%	0.03437%	0.03096%
District's share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 399,639	\$ 393,582	\$ 430,304	\$ 356,896	\$ 280,209	\$ 296,417	\$ 252,768
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,437,049	\$ 2,497,157	\$ 2,674,946	\$ 2,855,044	\$ 2,726,953	\$ 3,290,317	\$ 3,141,537
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.40%	15.76%	16.09%	12.50%	10.28%	9.01%	8.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	20.07%	21.25%	17.03%	24.49%	32.78%	39.40%	38.57%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year that occurred within the fiscal year

Information is not available for years prior to 2017

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

See Note 7 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Other Supplementary Information

<u>June 30, 2023</u>

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, or a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

These statements and schedules include:

Budgetary Comparison Schedules Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund Student Activity Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Budgeted Original	l An	nounts Final	•	Actual	Fa	ariance ivorable avorable)
Revenues							
Local sources							
Current property taxes	\$ 375,000	\$	375,000	\$	365,462	\$	(9,538)
Delinquent taxes and interest on taxes			770		1,348		578
Earnings on investments	375		4,500		11,322		6,822
Other					8		8
Total revenues	 375,375		380,270		378,140		(2,130)
Expenditures							
Debt Service							
Principal	273,775		201,646		201,646		-
Interest	140,799		140,799		140,799		-
Appropriated reserves	306,037		415,718				415,718
Total expenditures	 720,611		758,163		342,445		415,718
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	(345,236)		(377,893)		35,695		413,588
Fund balance, beginning	345,236		377,893		377,893		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	413,588	\$	413,588

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Local sources Earnings on investments	\$ 50	\$ 100	\$ 318	\$ 218
Total local sources	50	100	318	218
Total revenues	50	100	318	218
Expenditures Operations and plant maintenance Appropriated reserves	28,050 104,706	,	23,942	4,158 104,709
Total expenditures	132,756	132,809	23,942	108,867
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)	28,000	28,000	28,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	28,000	28,000	28,000	-
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(104,706) (104,709)	4,376	109,085
Fund balance, beginning	104,706	104,709	104,709	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$-	\$ 109,085	\$ 109,085

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Student Activity Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	<u>d Amounts</u> Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues				<u></u> /	
Local sources					
Earnings on investments			\$ 136	\$ 136	
Miscellaneous	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,000	142,121	(37,879)	
Total local sources	180,000	180,000	142,257	(37,743)	
Total revenues	180,000	180,000	142,257	(37,743)	
Expenditures Instruction					
Other	180,000	180,000	120,402	59,598	
Appropriated reserves	89,215	66,892		66,892	
Total expenditures	269,215	246,892	120,402	126,490	
Furner of management of her common over					
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(89,215)	(66,892)	21,855	88,747	
Fund balance, beginning	89,215	66,892	68,992	2,100	
Fund Balance, end of the year	\$-	\$-	\$ 90,847	\$ 90,847	

INFORMATION REQUIRED BY OVERSIGHT AUTHORITIES



<u>Colorado Department of</u> <u>Education</u>

Auditors Integrity Report

District: 2070 - Mancos Re-6 Fiscal Year 2022-23 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

· ·				
Fund Type &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other 0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*)
Governmental	+	Sources Uses	II Cases	Ending Fund balance
10 General Fund	2,982,446	6,452,228	6,282,768	3,151,906
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	22,855	313,681	306,869	29,666
Sub-Total	3,005,301	6,765,909	6,589,637	3,181,573
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
	61,991	305,524	337,961	29,554
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	0	0	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	68,992	142,257	120,402	90,847
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	377,893	378,140	342,445	413,588
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	0	0	0	0
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	104,709	28,318	23,942	109,085
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	3,618,886	7,620,148	7,414,388	3,824,647
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0
Fiduciary				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0		0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0
		FINAL		

FINAL *If you have a prior period adjustment in any fund (Balance Sheet 6880), the amount of your priorperiod adjustment is added into both your ending and beginning fund balances on this report. 11:03 AM